

Tork Premium Reinigungstücher 530 Rolle



Artikel: 530137

System: W3 – Spenderkarton System, W2 –
Innenabrollung System, W1 –
Bodenständer/Wandhalter System

Lagen: 1

Farbe: Weiß

Bedruckt: Nein

Geprägt:

Rollenbreite: 32 cm

Rollenlänge: 106.4 m

Blattanzahl: 280

Blattlänge: 38 cm

Rollendurchmesser: 25 cm

Produkteigenschaften

- Das robuste Tuch: voluminöses Reinigungstuch
- Reißfestes Tuch für hartnäckige Verschmutzungen, beständig in der Verwendung mit scharfen Lösungsmitteln
- Strukturierte Oberfläche ermöglicht das mühelose Entfernen von Fetten und hartnäckigen Flecken
- Weiße Produktvariante erhältlich in Übergröße als Chef-Towel
- Schützt die Hände vor Hitze beim Anfassen heißer Bleche und Töpfe, sowie vor Verletzung durch Metallspäne
- ISEGA-zertifiziert: für den kurzzeitigen Kontakt mit Lebensmitteln geeignet

Versanddaten

Verbrauchseinheit:

EAN: 7322540057553

Stück: 1

Höhe: 335 mm

Breite: 264 mm

Länge: 264 mm

Volumen: 23.3 dm³

Nettogewicht: 2724 g

Bruttogewicht: 3077 g

Transporteinheit:

EAN: 7322540057553

Stück: 1

Verbrauchseinheiten: 1

Material: Carton

Höhe: 335 mm

Breite: 264 mm

Länge: 264 mm

Volumen: 23.3 dm³

Nettogewicht: 2.72 kg

Bruttogewicht: 3.08 kg

Umweltschutz

Content

Chemical pulp, Polypropene, Polyester, Chemicals

Material

Chemical pulp Chemical pulp is produced either from softwood or hardwood. The wood chips are boiled together with chemicals and the major part of the lignin is removed. Chemical pulp is bleached in order to achieve a clean, bright and strong product, but also to increase the hygienic and absorbent qualities. There are two major bleaching methods: ECF (elementary chlorine free) and TCF (totally chlorine free). ECF is based on oxygen, chlorine dioxide and hydrogen peroxide. TCF is based on hydrogen peroxide and ozone. ECF is used in this product.

Polypropene Polypropene fibre is produced from polypropene resin. The resin is melted in an extruder and spun to fibres through spinnerettes and cooled with air. Fibres are then cut to intended fibre length.

Polyester Polyester fibre is produced from terephthalic acid and ethyleneglycol, which react through condensation to polyester resin. The molten resin is spun to fibres through spinnerettes and cooled with air. Fibres are then cut to intended fibre length.

Chemicals Both functional and process chemicals are used. The functional chemical used is wet strength agent. The wet strength agent is a polyamide (from polyamidine/epichlorohydrine polymer) with a very high affinity to the fibre. Process chemical used is a surfactant.

Production

This product is produced at Suameer mill, The Netherlands, and certified according to ISO 9001:2000, ISO 14001 and EMAS.

Destruction

This product is mainly used for industrial processes and hence it will be contaminated with different substances. This will determine how the used product will be destructed. The product itself is suitable for incineration. Contact local authorities before destruction.